

NAVIPACROV TRACKING

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1 Introduction

This document describes how to perform an ROV tracking job with one or more transponders involved in NaviPac version 4.

2 Definition

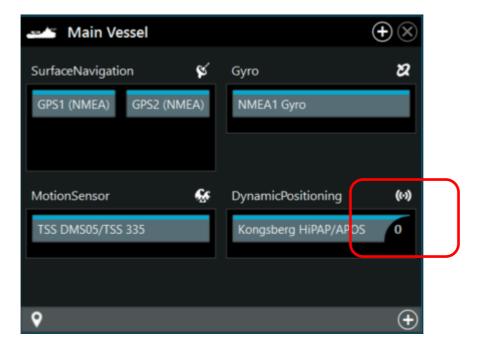
A 'Dynamic Positioning' (USBL) driver must be added to the 'Main Vessel' object and an ROV object must be created.

3 Workflow

A description of how to add and switch between transponders.

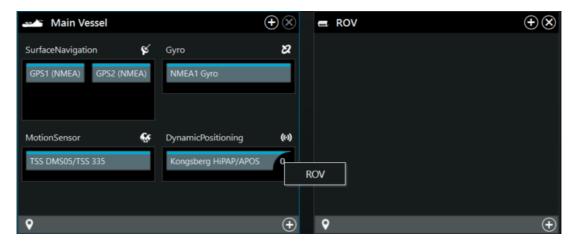
3.1 Adding transponders

In the lower right-hand corner of the 'USBL' driver, a number indicates how many transponders are linked to this driver.

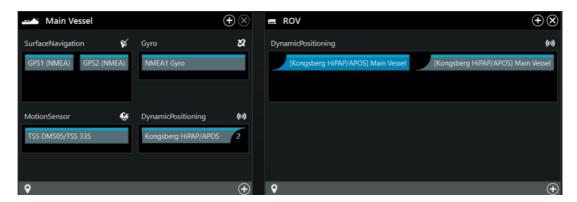




When hovering the cursor over the number, it will change to '+'. Click the '+'and the available objects will be listed. Select the object to add a transponder.



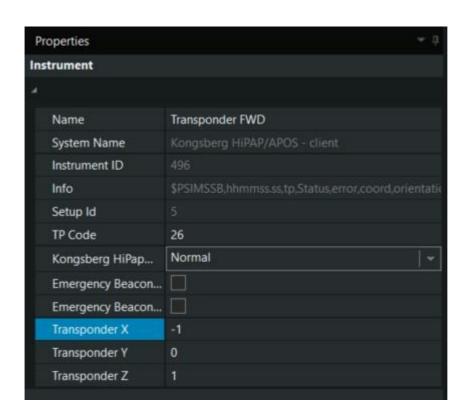
This operation must be repeated for each transponder on the ROV.



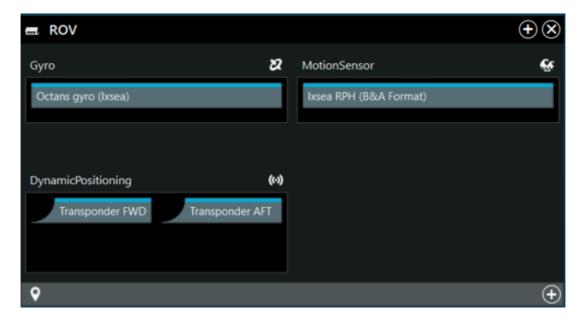
The number in the lower right-hand corner has changed to '2', reflecting the number of transponders linked.

Transponder name, code and offsets can be modified under Properties.





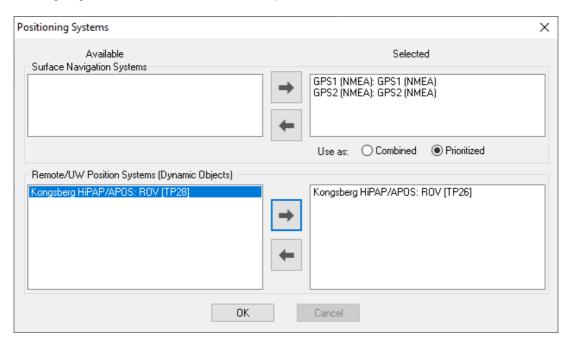
NOTE: When offsets are applied to the transponder, a gyro and preferably an MRU must also be included in the configuration for an accurate calculation.



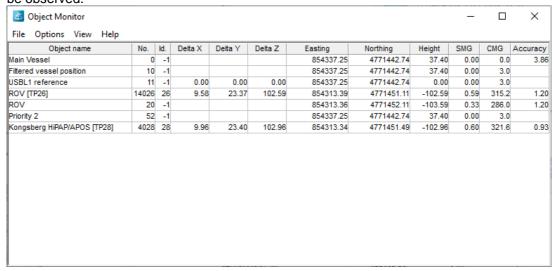


3.2 Going online

When going online, one or more of the transponders must be selected.

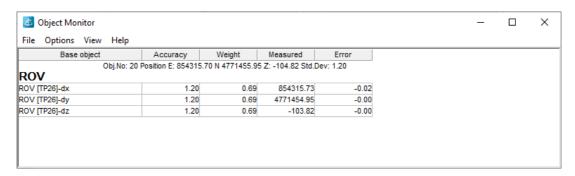


In the 'Object Monitor' view the position of the 'ROV' and the transponder (ROV [TP26]) can be observed.

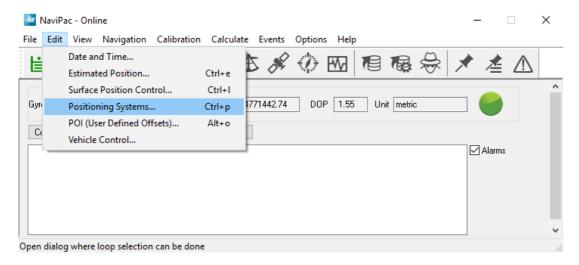




From 'Object Monitor' menu 'View' (View combined vehicle1) detailed information is displayed.

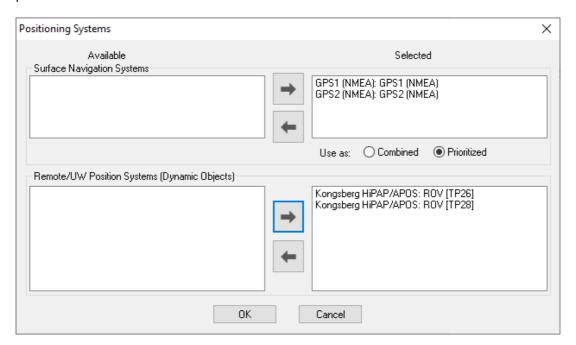


Transponders can be added or removed from NaviPac Online by selecting 'Edit' and 'Positioning System'.

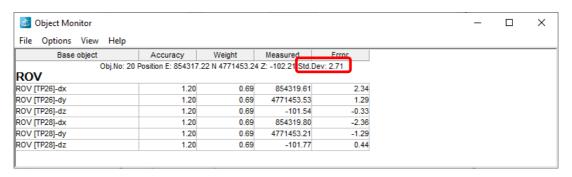




Transponders can be added or removed in a similar way as during the initial start procedure.



When more transponders are selected, the detailed view will show the standard deviation for the calculated ROV position.



When only one transponder is in use, NaviPac will use the standard deviation from the selected transponder.

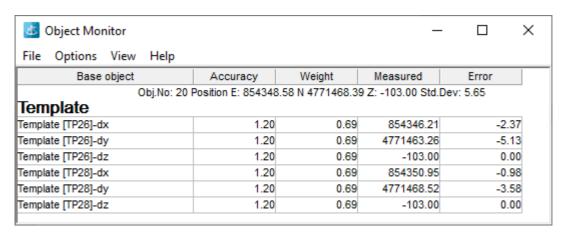


4 Simple tracking

For an object with two active transponders, but no gyro attached, NaviPac will automatically calculate a gyro value. The object is configured the same way as shown in the previous section, but without a gyro.

NOTE: The calculation is less accurate than a gyro reading, and the method should only be used for installations that do not require high accuracy. The calculated gyro value is not available for recording.

A detailed position is shown in the 'Object Monitor' view.



The calculated gyro value is only displayed in the Helmsman's Display.





5 Weighted position

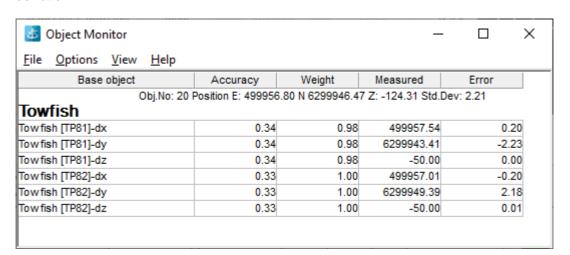
NaviPac 4 has introduced a weighted position calculation option for underwater positioning systems. The method is defined in the Properties of each driver. As default the standard deviation from the source is used for the weighting. If the value is not given as 1*sigma it can be scaled.



If the source does not provide a standard deviation value, it can manually be defined as a fixed value for the instrument, plus a range-dependant part.



In this case the value will be defined as 'Manual deviation' + Range * 'Range scale deviation'



In this case the weighting will be reverse of the accuracy, where the most accurate is set to full weight and the rest reduced depending on the deviation



The solution can be recalculated in NaviEdit where the accuracy can be set for each transponder.